

**UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS
FOR THE EIGHTH CIRCUIT**

Jonathan Daniel Clements,
Appellant,

v.

State of Arkansas, et al
Appellees.

Case No. [25-3497](#)

**MOTION FOR JUDICIAL NOTICE OF FILED MATERIALS AND
DEFAULTED ECCLESIASTICAL RECORD**

COMES NOW the Appellant, Jonathan Daniel Clements, by special appearance and in propria persona, and respectfully moves this Honorable Court to take judicial notice, pursuant to Federal Rule of Evidence 201(b) and the doctrine of inherent judicial knowledge, of all materials, filings, and lodged records entered in the originating case and associated proceedings, including but not limited to the full ecclesiastical trust record, jurisdictional notices, scanned exhibits, unrebutted default filings, and all public records attached thereto.

I. LEGAL BASIS FOR JUDICIAL NOTICE

Under **Fed. R. Evid. 201(b)**, a court may take judicial notice of facts “not subject to reasonable dispute” because they are:

Generally known within the trial court’s jurisdiction; or

Capable of accurate and ready determination by resort to sources whose accuracy cannot reasonably be questioned.

The Court of Appeals is further permitted to take notice of its own records and those of the district court from which the appeal arises. See *United States v. Wilson*, 631 F.2d 118 (9th Cir. 1980).

II. SCOPE OF RECORD SUBJECT TO NOTICE

Appellant requests judicial notice of the **entire record of filings, exhibits, and public declarations** made in connection with the originating matter and its subsequent escalation, including:

The full ecclesiastical trust lodged and recorded as **ECC-TRUST-JDC-005**;

All scanned exhibits, binders, and attachments entered into the lower court record, whether marked or unmarked;

All jurisdictional objections, equity notices, and rebuttal demands;

All un rebutted declarations and defaults filed under public notice doctrine;

All federal filings, Article III submissions, and appeals entered prior to or concurrent with this matter;

All institutional responses, or lack thereof, pertaining to said record;

The full pattern of filings entered into PACER or served upon relevant parties in either physical or electronic form.

Due to the comprehensive nature and volume of materials (spanning thousands of pages), it is not possible to enumerate each individual document herein. However, all records referenced are either part of the lower court's docket, uploaded into public court databases, or already served as part of prior filings and exhibits.

III. NECESSITY OF NOTICE FOR EQUITABLE REVIEW

The Appellant's position in this matter is rooted in ecclesiastical equity, formal jurisdictional default, and a documented pattern of institutional harassment and retaliation. The Court cannot fairly or lawfully adjudicate the issues on appeal without reviewing the **entire record as filed**.

Judicial notice of these materials is essential to:

Recognize the lawful structure and default enforcement status of ECC-TRUST-JDC-005;

Confirm the procedural exhaustion and silence of opposing parties;

Weigh the substantive equity violations alleged;

Determine standing, jurisdictional overreach, and misuse of legal process by the originating entities.

IV. PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Appellant respectfully requests that this Honorable Court:

Take judicial notice of the entire lower court record, including all filings, scanned documents, ecclesiastical declarations, notices of default, and un rebutted evidence of jurisdictional establishment under ECC-TRUST-JDC-005;

Recognize said record as central and material to the appeal;

Preserve said filings as part of the lawful record to be weighed in full upon review.

Respectfully submitted,
this 10th day of Jan, 2026.

/s/ Jonathan Daniel Clements
Appellant, in propria persona
ECC-TRUST-JDC-005

Pro Nunc Tunc In Perpetuity Ad Infinitum